

2 DEC 1959

Honorable Sam Rayburn
 House of Representatives
 Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rayburn:

We have had referred to us a copy of the letter to you from Mr. Kenneth Hahn of the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles dated 2 October 1959. Therefore, I am taking the liberty of writing you about this matter.

Khrushchev's comments about intelligence activities and the Central Intelligence Agency, in our mind, represent part of a deliberate campaign to discredit U. S. intelligence and thus leave a clearer field for Communist subversion. If there is a thaw in the Cold War, Khrushchev obviously would like to deprive the United States of one of its principal weapons for combating Communism. You have noted, of course, that in all of his talk about desiring peace, Khrushchev has stated that Moscow has not renounced and will not change its objective that all of the nations of the free world should and shall become Communist.

As far as Khrushchev's specific claims are concerned, I would point out first that one of his motives was to draw out any information that any official reply or action might supply. You recognize, of course, that from time to time agents are exposed and apprehended. This often happens to Soviet agents. These agents sometimes carry both money and ciphers known as one-time pads. These pads are useful solely for communications between that agent and his home base, and do not affect any other communication system. As far as we are concerned, Khrushchev has not got much comfort out of us in this respect; in fact, nothing comparable to what we have gained from Soviet defectors and agents.

28

DOCUMENT NO.	_____
NS CHARGE IN CUSTODY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> INFORMATION	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> TELETYPE	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> MAIL	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAX	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> E-MAIL	_____

DATE: 2 Mar 81 REVIEWER: 000002

As far as the general communications systems of the U. S. Government are concerned, they are protected between sender and recipient by a variety of means, none of which were made suspect by Khrushchev's remarks. We are constantly calculating the protection given to such communications by the inherent security of the devices used and are constantly alert to interpret and exploit any information which would alter our calculations. Khrushchev's remarks were limited to matters which did not give us any new information of this sort.

In general, we would say that for the United States to react to Khrushchev's remarks as certain quarters have suggested would be to play into the hands of the Soviets.

Sincerely,

१८५०

Allen W. Dulles
Director

OGC/LC:JSW:mks (27 Nov 59)

Distribution:

Orig & 1 - Addressee

1 - DGI

1 - DDGI

1 - ER

1 - IG

1 - Legislative Counsel

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE DIRECTOR

Attached is a proposed letter for your signature to Representative Rayburn concerning Khrushchev's comments and the Hahn letter. While Mr. Rayburn did not write us on the matter, both Symington and Capehart have referred a copy of the Hahn letter to Rayburn to the Agency. Therefore, it seemed appropriate that a letter similar to the previous one signed by you should go to Mr. Rayburn.

Legislative Counsel
27 Nov 59
(DATE)

FORM NO. 101 REPLACES FORM 10-101
1 AUG 54 WHICH MAY BE USED.

(47)

STAT

11-9526

27 November 1959

JSE

Honorable Leonard P. Lipscomb
 House of Representatives
 Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Lipscomb:

We have received several inquiries concerning the letter being circulated by Mr. Kenneth Hahn of the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles. Knowing of your interest, I am taking the liberty of writing you about this matter.

Khrushchev's comments about intelligence activities and the Central Intelligence Agency, in our mind, represent part of a deliberate campaign to discredit U. S. intelligence and thus leave a clearer field for Communist subversion. If there is a thaw in the Cold War, Khrushchev obviously would like to deprive the United States of one of its principal weapons for combating Communism. You have noted, of course, that in all of his talk about desiring peace, Khrushchev has stated that Moscow has not renounced and will not change its objective that all of the nations of the free world should and shall become Communist.

As far as Khrushchev's specific claims are concerned, I would point out first that one of his motives was to draw out any information that any official reply or action might supply. You recognize, of course, that from time to time agents are exposed and apprehended. This often happens to Soviet agents. These agents sometimes carry both money and ciphers known as one-time pads. These pads are useful solely for communications between that agent and his home base, and do not affect any other communication system. As far as we are concerned, Khrushchev has not yet got much comfort out of us in this respect; in fact, nothing comparable to what we have gained from Soviet defectors and agents.

DOCUMENT NO. 29
 NO CHANGE IN PLACE A
 BURST
 CIRCLED
 DRAFT
 EASY
 AUTH
 DATE: 2 MAY 81

As far as the general communications systems of the U. S. Government are concerned, they are protected between sender and recipient by a variety of means, none of which were made suspect by Khrushchev's remarks. We are constantly calculating the protection given to such communications by the inherent security of the devices used and are constantly alert to interpret and exploit any information which would alter our calculations. Khrushchev's remarks were limited to matters which did not give us any new information of this sort.

In general, we would say that for the United States to react to Khrushchev's remarks as certain quarters have suggested would be to play into the hands of the Soviets.

Sincerely,


Legislative Counsel

Distribution:

Orig & 1 - Addressee
1 - DCI
1 - DDCI
1 - IG
2 - Legislative Counsel

OGC/LC:JSW:rnks